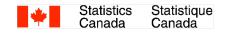
Some Main Trends from the 2006 Census

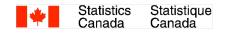
Réjean Lachapelle Statistics Canada Symposium on Official Languages Research Issues, January 10-11, 2008



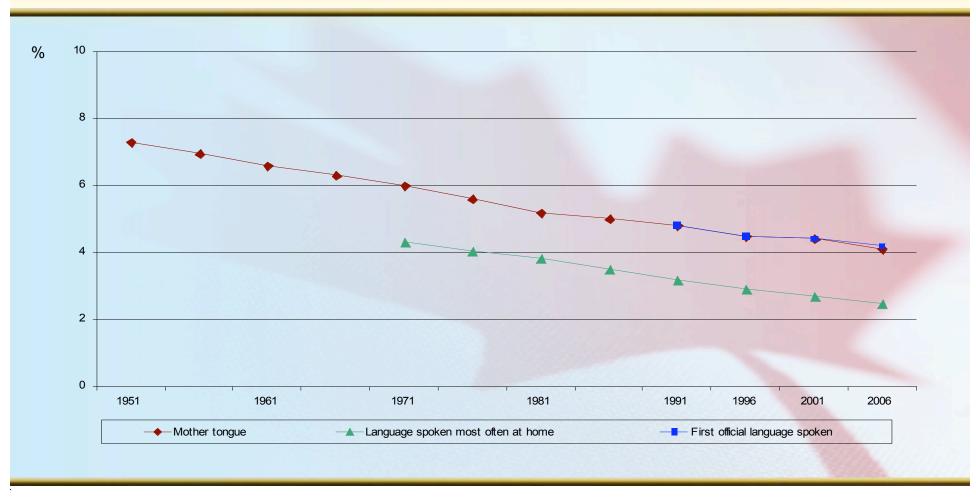


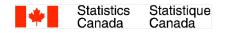
Francophones living outside Quebec





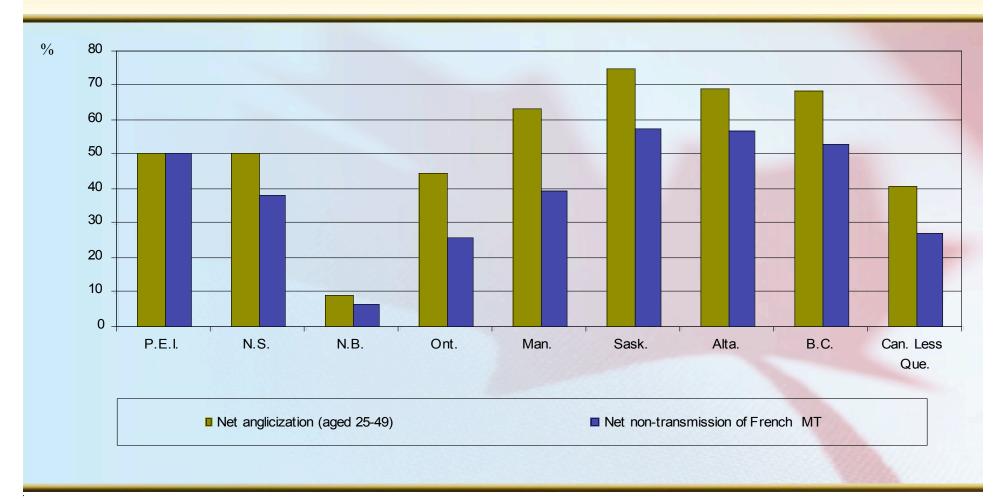
Outside Quebec, the relative weight of French as mother tongue, as language spoken at home and as first official language spoken have decreased steadily between 1951 and 2006

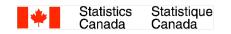






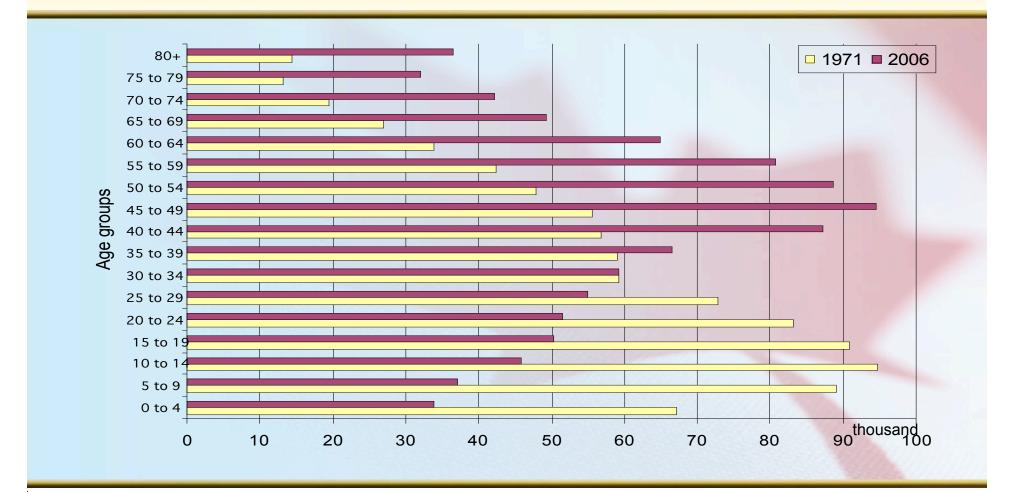
In nearly all provinces, the anglicization of Francophone adults is higher than non-transmission of French mother tongue (MT) to those less than 18 years old

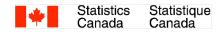






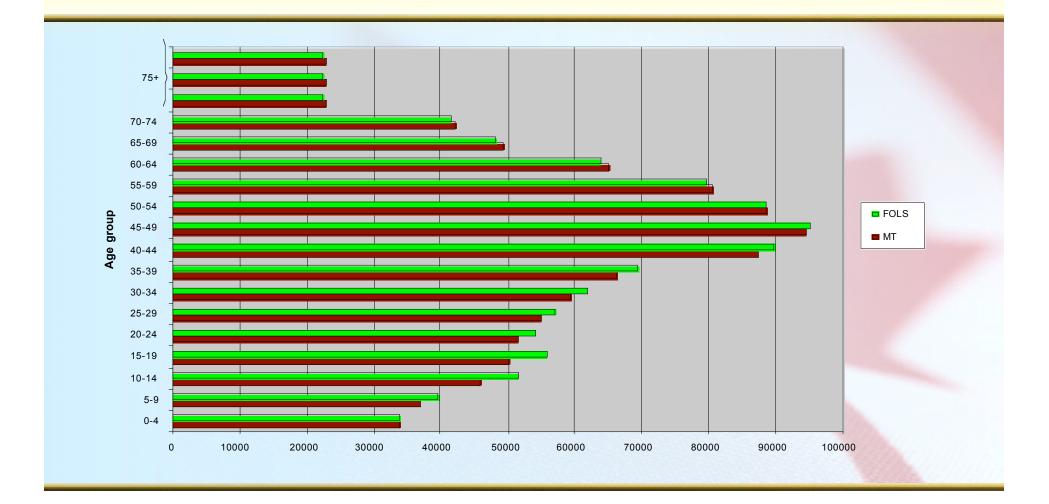
Francophones outside Quebec: an aging population where the number of youth decline because of low fertility and incomplete transmission of mother tongue





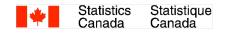


Children and young adults with French as first official language spoken (FOLS) are more numerous than those with French as mother tongue

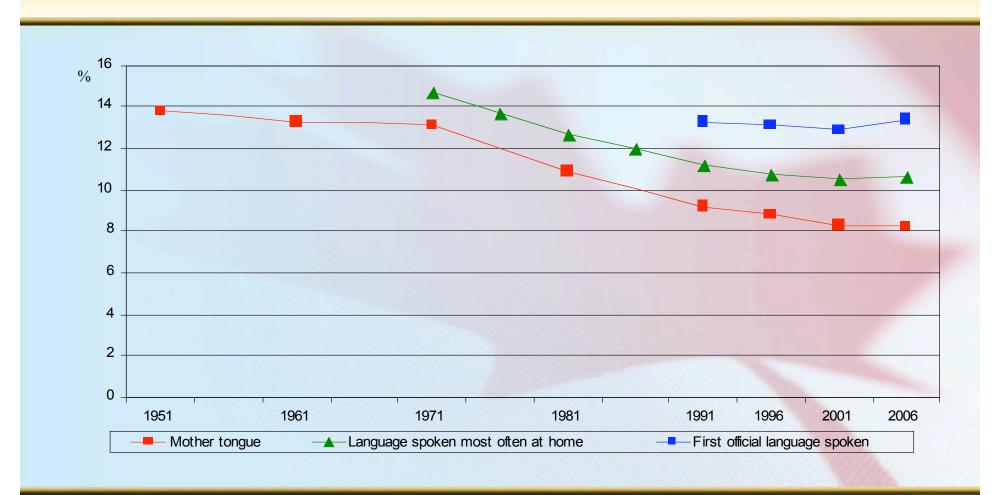


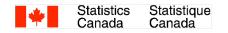
Anglophones in Quebec





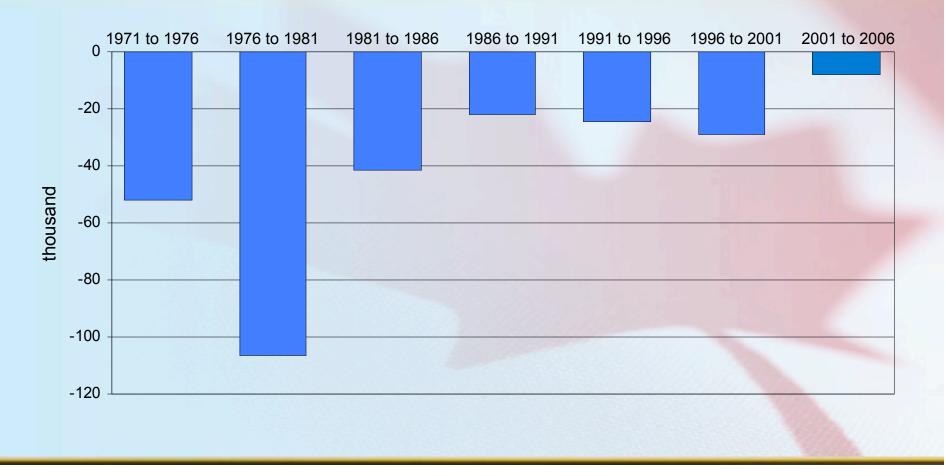
In Quebec, the proportion of people with English as their mother tongue and as language spoken at home remained stable between 2001 and 2006; the proportion of those with English as first official language spoken has increased







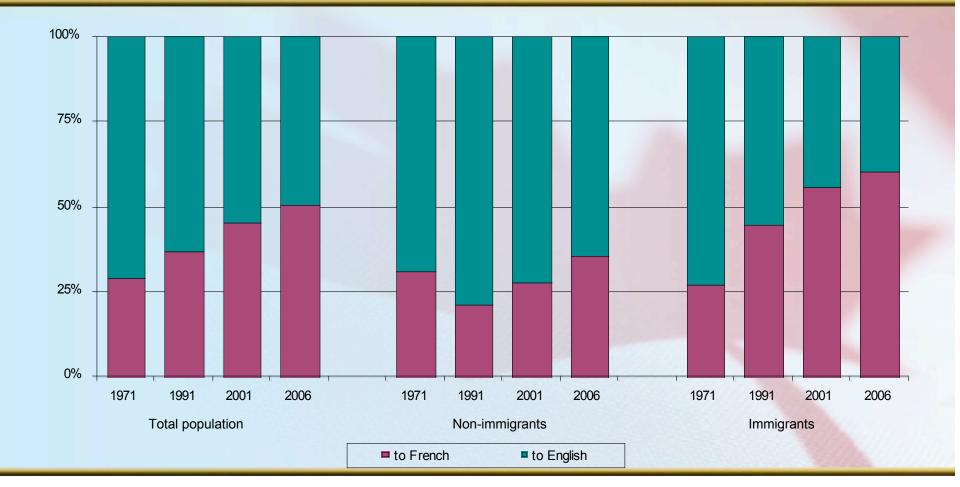
Considerably fewer Anglophones left Quebec between 2001 and 2006







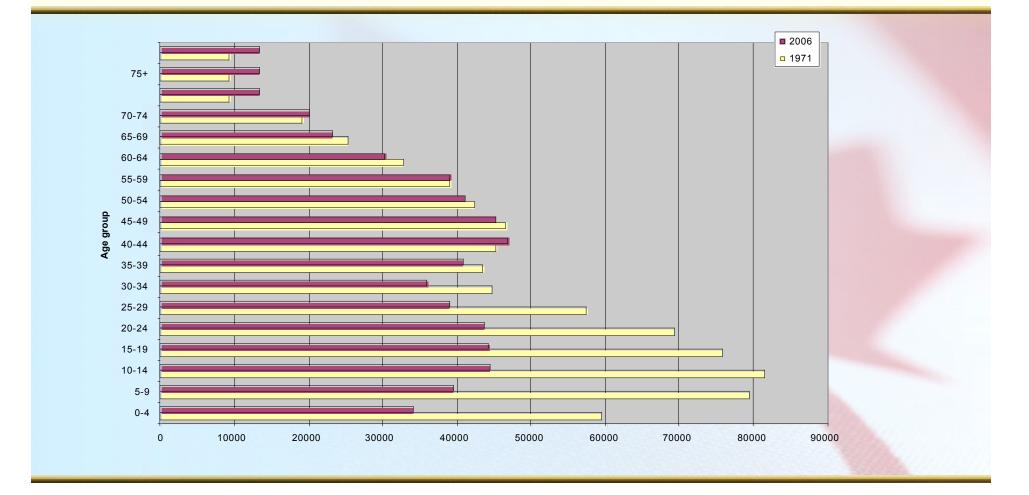
Language transfers among allophones tend less and less towards English but Anglophones are still, relatively, the largest beneficiary



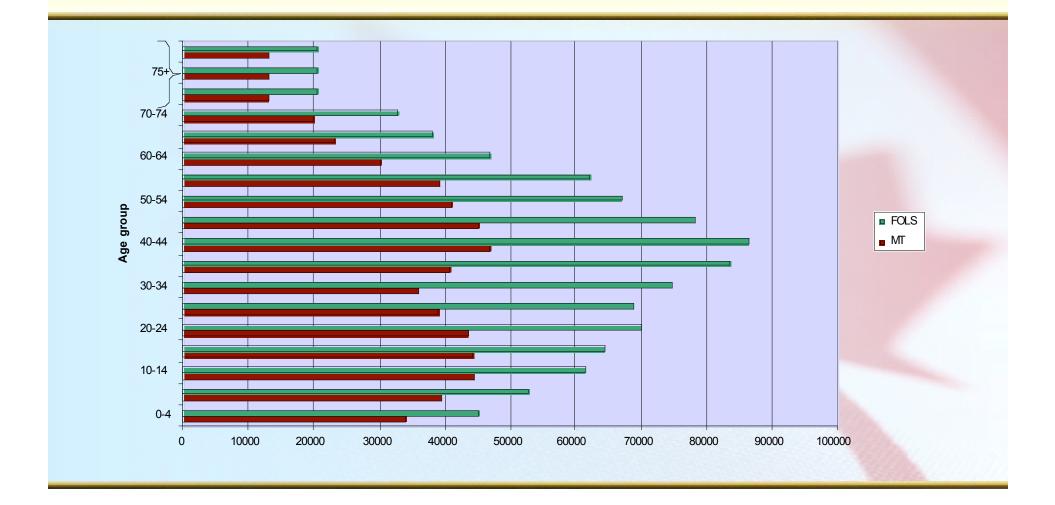




Anglophone population in Quebec: effect of the large net migration losses between 1971 and 2001



At all ages, those with English as first official language spoken clearly surpass, in absolute numbers, those of English mother tongue, especially among adults

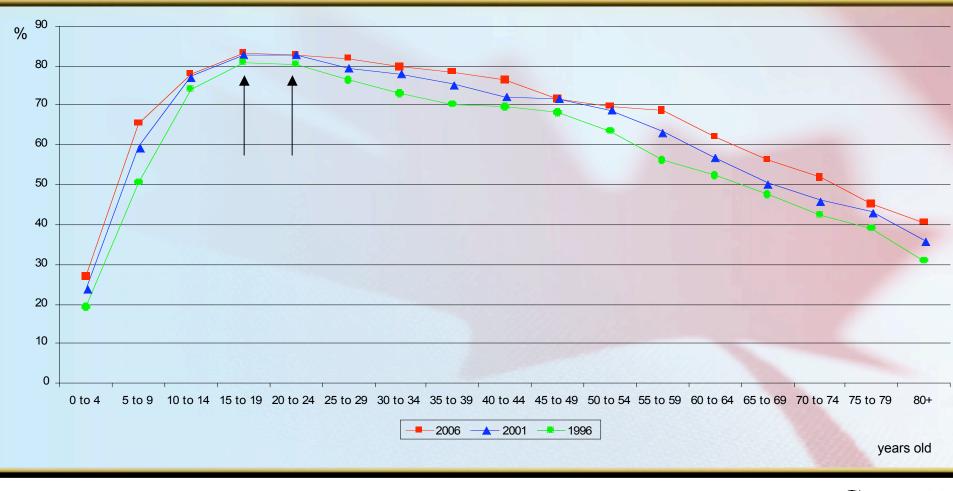


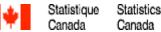
Evolution of bilingualism among Anglophones





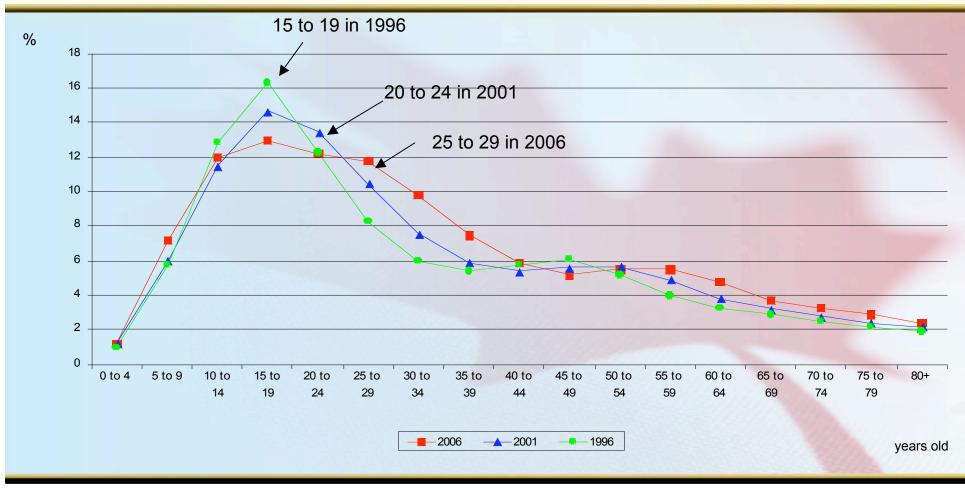
In Quebec, bilingualism reached a peak among young Anglophones aged 15 to 24 and stayed at the same level between 2001 and 2006







The decrease and erosion of bilingualism among young Anglophones outside Quebec continued in 2006





Statistique Statistics Canada Canada Canada

Overview

- Francophones outside Quebec face challenges similar to those confronting developed societies with fertility lower than replacement level, challenges amplified however by the low transmission of French mother tongue.
- The Anglophones of Quebec don't face the same challenges because of the attraction of English, but are weakened by the pull of the rest of the country.

